# P.G. DIPLOMA IN YOGA EDUCATION AND PHILOSOPHY



(Session 2024-25)

Govt.V.Y.T. PG Autonomous College, Durg (C.G.)

# **DEPARTMENT OF YOGA EDUCATION & PHILOSOPHY**

# Board of Studies members (Session 2024-25)

S.No.	Category	Name	Address	Signature
1.	Chairperson	Shri Laxmendra Kuldeep	Head of Deptt Yoga Education and Philosophy, Govt. V.Y.T. PG Auto College, Durg (C.G)	Jug2
2.	Subject Specialist	Dr. Nisha Goswami	Head Of Department	
	. 4	ě	Dep. Of Yoga n MSW	Ass
			BHARTI Vishwavidhalya, Durg (C.G)	Obs
		Dr. Dileshwari sahu	Assistant professor	Roh
			Department Of Yoga,	1
	*		Dev Sanskriti Vishwavidyalay a Sankara - Kumhari, Durg, Chhattishgarh	
		Dr. Yogesh sahu	Assistant professor	2 1 5 41
			Dep. Of physical education & Yoga	16.08.24
			MATS University Raipur,(C.G.)	

	=	Dr. D.K. Namdev	Director, Sports, Hemchand Yadav University, Durg (C.G)	Sur
4.	VC Nominated Member	Dr. Bhagwant Singh (Retired)	Professor & Head SOS, Pt. R.S.U. Raipur (C.G)	Blie
5.	Corporate/ Industrial area Representative	Shri Ashok Maheshwari	Founder of Yoglanger samiti, Risali sector, Bhilai, Durg (C.G)	april'
6.	Ex. Meritorious Student PG	Smt. Priyanka Agrawal	Self running yoga class (Shrimrityunjay yog class)	Buyantos
7,	Subject expert from other Department	Dr. Deshmukh	Professor Deptt. of geology Govt.V.Y.T.PG. Auto. College, Durg (C.G)	

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# P.G. DIPLOMA IN YOGA EDUCATION AND PHILOSOPHY

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE PROGRAMME

Yoga is essentially practical subject based on externally subtle science, Which focuses on bringing harmony between mind, body and spirit. It is a very powerful means to achieve physical mental and emotional well being, yoga paves the way to discover the self, the external world and the nature. If is an art and science for healthy living. Yoga has several benefits including education, health and stress management.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

After completion of this program, a student should able to: Narrate the meaning and history of yoga, and the contribution of various Yogis Comprehend the basic principles and practice of yoga, Demonstrate the Yoga practices for prevention of diseases and adoption of yogic life style develop a holistic health for himself for enhancing functionality.

Scheme of P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session 2020-2021 will be introduce from this session. The CBS is offered by the Govt. V.Y.T. PG Autonomous College, Durg (C.G.) through the medium of both English and Hindi. The syllabi and scheme of examination are detailed below:

Minimum Duration : 1 Year (Two semester)

Maximum Duration : 2 Years

Eligibility : Graduation in any faculty

Medium : English or Hindi

Maximum Age : No

In P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosphy shall be two theory paper Each of 50 marks and practical of 50 marks thus total marks in the semester will Be 250. The total of both semester 500 marks.

## Component of the evaluation system

Theory paper:- Theory paper carries 80% weightage in the final result. In case student fail to secure a pass score (40% marks) in the final examination, student will be eligible to reappear in the next year final examination for in P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy.

#### Practical examination

There will be a final practical examination of three hours duration for a Maximum of 50 marks.

#### **Evaluation**

Evaluation consist of two parts: 1) Final Examination and 2) Practical Examination. In the final result, Practical of a P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy carries 20% weightage, While 8% weightage is given to final examination. Following is the scheme of awarding Divisions and Grades:

DIVISION	Percentage range	Grade
First	80 and above	A - Excellent
First	60 to 79.99	B -Very good
Second	45 to 59.99	C – Good
Pass	40 to 44.99	D - Satisfactory
Unsuccesfull	Below 39.99	E - Unsatisfactory

Student are required to score at least 40% marks in practical as well as final Examination separately. In the overall computation also, you must get at least 40% marks in each paper to claim the Certificate of P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy.

#### Re-evaluation:

There is provision for re-evaluation of final exam (Theory) answer copies (any of two). The student can apply for re-evaluation of final exam (Theory) answer copies against payment of Rs. 250/ per Theory Paper.

- 1. There will be no ATKT.
- 2. Student will get two chance to with in two years from the date of admission

#### **EVALUATION PATTERN**

#### Semester- I

	Theory Paper	
Paper- I	Theoretical Yoga Vijnan	50 Marks
Paper- II	Applied Yoga Vijnan	50 Marks

Practical	
(A) Practice Teaching (Indoor)	25 Marks
(B) Practical	25 Marks
Sesional (Practical File)	25 Marks
Viva	25 Marks
Internal Assessment + Internship	50 Marks
Total	250 Marks

Practical A- Practice Teaching + Sessional (Practical File) -50 marks

Practical B- Practical + Viva Voice- 50 marks

Internal Assessment + Internship- 50 marks

#### Semester -II

	Theory Paper	
Paper- I	Yoga Philosophy	50 Marks
Paper- II	Hatha Yoga	50 Marks

Pr	actical	
Practice Teaching (Indoor)	25 Marks	
Practical	25 Marks	
PPT Presentation	25 Marks	
Viva	25 Marks	
Internal Assessment + Internship	50 Marks	
Total	250 Marks	

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Practical A- Practice Teaching + PPT Presentation -50 marks

Practical B- Practical + Viva Voice- 50 marks

Internal Assessment + Internship -50 marks

Grand Total Semester - I + Semester- II = 250+250 = 500

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#### Semester - I

## P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session (2024-25)

## PAPER - I Theoretical Yoga Vijnan

Max. Marks -50

: Introduction to Yoga: The concept, meaning, definition UNIT- I

and tradition of Yoga, Guru-Shishya Parampara (types

and meaning).

Basic text of yoga -- Patanjali Yogasutra (Introduction, UNIT -II

Chitta, Chitta vrittiyan, Chitta bhoomiya, Panch kalesh,

Astang yog, Samadhi)

Kinds of yoga: Bhakti Yoga, Karma yoga, Mantra yoga UNIT-III

and Rai yoga.

**UNIT-IV** Study of Ida, Pingala, Sushumna, Seven chakras, Five

Koshas and Five pranas.

UNIT-V Contemporary Yogis-- Shri Aurobindo (samagra yoga),

Satvananda Saraswati and Shivananda Saraswati.

#### Reference:

1. Bryant, Edwin (2009). The Yoga Sutra of Patanjali: A new Edition, Translation, and Commentary. New York, USA: North Point.

Press ISBN 978-0-86547-736-0.

2. Burley, Mikel (2000). Hatha Yoga: Its Context, Theory and Practice,

Delhiu; Motilal Banarsidass. ISBN 978-8120817067.

3. Burley, Mikel (2012). Classical Samkhya and Yoga - An Indian Metaphysics of Experience, Routledge. ISBN 978-0-415-64887-5.

4. Chatterjee, Satischandra: Datta, Dhirendramohan (1984). An Introduction to Indian Philosophy. Calcutta: University of Calcutta.

5. Crangle, Edward Fitzpatrick (1994), The Origin and Development of Early Indian

Contemplative Practices. Otto Harrassowitz Verlag.

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 Dass, Baba Hari (1999). The Yoga Sutras of Patanjali: A study Guide for Book I: Samadhi Pada. Santa Cruz, CA: Shri Rama Publishing. ISBN 0-918100-20-8.

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#### Semester - I

## P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session (2024-25)

## PAPER - II Applied Yoga Vijnan

Max. Marks -50

UNIT- I

Meaning, Definition and Importance of yoga and health In life. Theories of health, Various exercises benefits of

Yoga asana and their values vis-a-vis other system.

Practice of Yoga- Prepration, Food, Dress, Sequence, UNIT -II

Climatic Changes daily routine, Vratas for health, positive

and negative factors

UNIT-III Life pattern and Yoga- Effects of yoga upon bodily

Function, Role of yoga asnas in modern living.

UNIT-IV Physiology-Central System, Respiratory Nervous

System, Blood Circulatory System, Digestive System and

Endocrine Glands.

UNIT-V Aspects of Mind (Topographical and Dynamic) Id, Ego And

super Ego, Conscious, Sub-consious and Un-Conscious.

Yogic concept of mind and mental process.

## Reference:

1. De Michelis, Elizabeth (2004). A history of Modern Yoga, London: Continuum. (ISBN 0-8264-8772-6).

2. Deussen, Pauk (1997) Sixty Upanishads of the Veda, Volume I. Motilal

Banarsidass apublishers. ISBN 978-8120814677.umo

3. Dumoulin, Heinrich, Heisig, James W.: Knitter, Paul F. (2005). Zen

Buddhism; a History: India and China. India and China World Wisdom.

ISBN 978-0-941532-89-1.

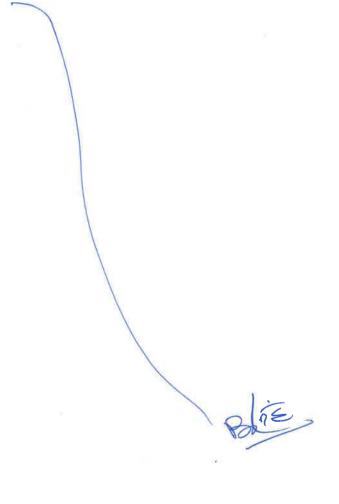
4. Eliade, Mircea(1958). Yoga: Immorality and freedom. Princeton:

Princeton University Press. ISBN 978-0-691-14203-6.

5. Feuerstein, Georg (1996). The Shambhala Guide to Yoga (1st ed.)

Boston & London: Shambhala Publication.

- 6. *Feuerstein, Georg (2001). The Yoga Tradition: Its* History, Literature, Philosophy and Practice. Hohm Press. ISBN 978-1-890772-18-5.
- 7. Feuerstein, Georg (2002) The Yoga Tradition. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass
- 8. Feuerstein, Georg (2012). The Yoga Tradition. Its History, Literature, Philosophy and Practice. Hohm Press. ISBN 978-1-935387-39-8.



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## Semester - I

# P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session (2024-25)

## **Practical**

(A) Practice Teaching (Indoor)

M.M.- 25

Asanas Kriyas Pranayams Class arrangements Meditation

(B) Practicals

M.M.- 25

- 1. Pawanmuktasana Part- 1,2 & 3
- 2. Asanas

Relaxation

Pre- meditative

Backward and Forward Bending, Spinal Cord Twisting and Bending

Asanas of Vajrasana goup & Standing Pose

3. Nadishodhan and Pranayamas

Sheetali Pranayama Sheetakari Pranayama Ujjayi Pranayama Bhramari Pranyama

4. Mudra

Hastmudra

Mann mudra

Kayamudra

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## 5. Bandha

Moolbandha

Jalandharbandha

## 6. Shawaasana

(C) Practical Sessional		M.M 25
(D) Viva -voice:		M.M 25
(E) Internal Assessment		M.M 25
(F) Internship		M.M 25
Total Marks Semester- I - 250	E21	



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### Semester - II

# P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session (2024-25)

## PAPER - I Yoga Philosophy

Max. Marks -50

UNIT-1

The subject matter of Yoga Philosophy Samkhya: Prakriti, Purusha and Cosmology, Vedant: Brahma, Soul and Maya.

UNIT -II

Different system of Philosophy:

Pancha Mahavrata – Jainism

Ashtang Marg – Budhhism

Charwak Darshan – Sukhvaad (Hedonism)

UNIT-III

Hathyoga paradipika (Introduction, Pranayam, Shatkarm

Nadanusandhan).

**UNIT-IV** 

Kinds of Yoga; Hatha Yoga, Kundalini Yoga, Jnana Yoga,

Laya Yoga

**UNIT-V** 

Psychosomatic disorders with special reference to Stress, Depression, Anxiety, Sleeping Disorders, Insomania and their Management through Yoga, Yoga and life satisfaction, Aging-- It's Problems and Management

through Yoga.

## Reference:

- 1. Flood, Gavin D. (1996). An Introduction of Hinduism. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Goldberg, Philip (2010). American Veda. From Emerson and Beatles ot Yoga Meditation. How Indian spirituality Changed the west. New

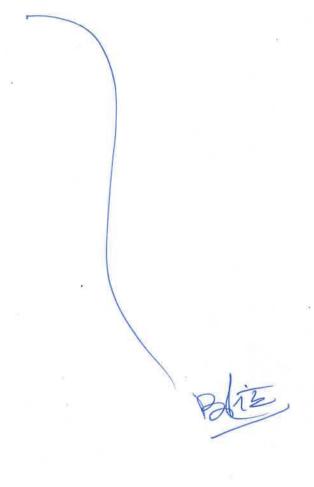
York. Harmony Books. ISBN - 978-0-385-52134-5.

3. Hari das Baba (1978). Ashtang Yoga Prime. Santa Crus; Shri Ram publishing. pp. cover. ISBN - 978-0-918100-04-7.

4. Kundakunda. Niamasara.

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- 5. Larson, Gerald james (2008). The Encyclopedia of Indian Philosophies; Yoga: Indian's philosophy of meditation. Motilal banarsidass. ISBN 978-81-208-3349-4
- 6. Mallinson, James (2011). "Hatha Yoga" . In Jacobsen, Knut A.: Basu, Helene (eds.). Brill's Encyclopedia of Hinduism. Volume 3. NRILL.



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#### Semester - II

# P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session (2024-25)

## PAPER - II Hatha Yoga

Max. Marks-50

UNIT- I

Gherand Samhita (Introduction, Shatkarm, Dhyan,

Pranayam and Samadhi).

UNIT -II

Pranayama -Its meaning methods, kinds, precaution and

benefits

UNIT-III

Shuddhi Kriya- Shatkarma, its method and utility.

UNIT-IV

Bandha and Mudras- Methods and benifits.

UNIT-V

Samadhi, Different System of Meditation.

#### References:

- 1. Mallinson, James (28 June 2012). "Saktism and Htahayoga" (PDF). Archived from origini PDF on 16 June 2013. Retrieved 19 September 2013.
- 2. Mallinson, James;; Singleton, Mark (2017). Roots of Yoga. Penguin Books. ISBN 978-0-241-25304-5. OCLC 928480104.
- 3. Mehta, Silva; Mehta, Mira;Mehta, Shyam(1990). Yoga: The Iyenger Way, Dorling Kindersely. ISBN 978-0-86318-420-8
- 4. Muller, Max (1899). Six systems of Indian philosophy; Samkhya and Yoga, Naya and Vaiseshika. Calcutta: Susil Gupta India Ltd.ISBN 0-7661-4296-5.Reprint edition; Originally published under the title of

"The Six Systems of Indian Philosophy"

5. Possehl, G. (2003). The Indus Civilization; A Contemporary perpective. Rowman Altamira, ISBN 978-0-7591-0172-2.

6. Radhakrishnan, S. (1971). Indian Philosophy II. London:George Allen &Unwin Ltd.

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- 7. Radhakrishnan, S. Moore, C.A. (1967). A source Book in Indin Philosophy. Princeton..ISBN 0-681-01958-4.
- 8. Ruff, Jeffrey Clark (2011) "Yoga in the Yoga Upanisad; Disciplienes of The Mystical OMSound" In white david gordon (ed). Yoga in Practice. Princeton University press pp. 97-116. ISBN 978-0691140865.
- 9. Samuel, Geoffrey (2008). The Origin of Yoga and Tantra. Cambridge University Press. ISBN - 978-0-521-69534-3.
- 10.Satyananda , Swami (2008) (1996). Asana Pranayama Mudra Bandha (PDF). Munger; I Yoga Publication Trust. ISBN 978-81-86336-14-4.

## Semester - II

# P.G. Diploma in Yoga Education and Philosophy Session (2024-25)

## **Practical**

(A) Practice Teaching (Indoor)

M.M.- 25

Asanas,

Kriyas,

Pranayams,

Class arrangements,

Meditation.

#### (B) Practicals

M.M. -25

- 1. Balancing asanas,
- 2. Asanas of Higher group,
- 3. Surya Namaskar,
- Pranayama: Suryabhedi pranayama, Bhastrika
   Pranyama, Kapalabhati Pranayama & Moorcha
   Pranayama,
- 5. Bandha: Uddiyaan Bandha & Mahaabandha
- 6. Mudra: Bandha Mudrayen & Aadhaar Mudrayen,
- 7. Shatkarma,
- 8. Dhaayana & Yoganidra.

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M.M 25
M.M 25
M.M 25
M.M 25

Total Marks Semester-II -250

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# GOVT.V.Y.T. P.G. AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE, DURG(C.G.)

# Syllabus

## Value Added Course





(Session 2024-25)

Department of Yoga Education

GOVT. V. Y. T. PG. AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE, DURG

(C.G.)

## Preamble

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The tradition of Yoga has always been passed on individually from teacher to students through oral teaching and practical demonstration. The formal techniques that are now known as Yoga are, therefore, based on the collective experiences of many individuals over many thousands of years. The particular manner in which the techniques are taught and practiced today dependson theapproach passed down in the line of teachers supporting the individual practitioner. Yoga is essentially a spiritual discipline based on an extremely subtle science, which focuses on establishing harmony between mind, body; thought and action; restraint and fulfilment; harmony between man and nature and a holistic approach to health and well-being. Yoga is not about exercise but to discover the sense of oneness with ourselves, The World and Nature. It is an art and science forhealthy living.

The word "Yoga" is derived from the Sanskrit root 'yuj meaning "to join", "to yoke" or "to unite". Therefore the aim of yoga is to unite the individual consciousness with the supreme consciousness. Yoga is a science and art of living: also it is a body of techniques that lead us to consciously connect with ourselves and with life, the experience of yoga. As yoga is an art and science, there is no dogma or belief system attached to it. Yoga tells us to do a certain practice and feel their effect following the practice, e.g. if we breath slowly in a relaxed manner we will slow our heart rate; if we focus the mind we will developmental peace and deep insight.

In addition to this, Yoga is becoming popular day by day and has become a wave which is sweeping across the globe. In this course we introduce yoga as a science of Holistic living and not merely as yoga postures. During the course the student is taught the concepts of Yoga for the treatment and prevention of various psychosomatic aliments. This course looks at training the enthusiasts to become Yoga therapist so that they could teach yoga under the supervision of a doctor forhealth and healing.

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## Aim of the Programme:-

The aim of the programme is to produce "Yoga therapist for a clinical set up"

- Objectives of the programme
  - To introduce Yoga therapy, its principle and practice of Yoga to people with variouslifestyle disorders.
  - To make the people aware of the therapeutic and prevention value of Yoga.
  - To bring peace and harmony in the society at large by introducing the Yogic way oflife.
  - ♣ To create therapists of high calibre to make the society free from stress and lifestylerelated disease.

#### Credit - 02

#### **Total 30 Hrs (Theory+ Practical)**

S. No.	Marking Pattern	Marks
1	Theory Paper	25
2.	Project Work/ Home Assignment/ Internal/ Practical	25
	Total	50 Marks

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## Value Added Course in Yoga

#### Foundation of Yoga

Course Objectives:- The subject entitled "Foundation of Yoga" has the following objectives:

\*Students of the UG course will have an understanding about origin, history and development of Yoga.

\*They will have an idea about the insights of Indian philosophy and Astika&Nastikadarshanas.

\*Introduction about Yoga according to yogic texts.

Introduction of yoga, meaning and definition, Brief introduction of Ida, pingla and sushumnaNadi, Importance of yoga, modern life style, role of Yoga in modern living, Philosophy- meaning and definition, relationship between yoga and Indian philosophy, general introduction Patanjali Yog Sutra (Ashtang yoga).

#### Practical- Asanas:

Shanti Path (Mantras)

Pawanmukt Asana Part-1 and Part-2

Standing Asanas, Spinal Cord Twisting and Bending Asanas

Shawasana

#### Pranayam:

Nadishodhan Pranayam

Anulomvilom, Bhramri Pranayama

Kapalbhati Pranayama

#### **BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:-**

1.Lal Basant Kumar : Contemporary Indian Philosophy, Motilal Banarsidas Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Delhi, 2013

2. Dasgupta S. N: History of Indian Philosophy, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 2012

3. Singh S. P: History of Yoga, PHISPC, Centre for Studies in Civilization 1st, 2010

- 4. Singh S. P & Yogi Mukesh: Foundation of Yoga, Standard Publication, New Delhi, 2010.
- 5. Agarwal M M: Six systems of Indian Philosophy, Chowkhambha Vidya Bhawan, varanai, 2010
- 6. Swami Bhuteshananda: Nararad Bhakti Sutra, Advaita Ashrama Publication-Dept. Kolkata, II Edition, 2009
- 7. Hiriyanna M: Outlines of Indian Philosophy, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 2009
- 8. Hiriyanna M: Essentials of Indian Philosophy, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 2008
- 9. Radhakrishnan S: Indian Philosophy, Oxford University, UK (Vol. I & II) II Edition, 2008
- 10. Max Muller K. M: The six system of Indian Philosophy, Chukhambha, Sanskrit series, Varanasi, 6th Edition, 2008.
- 11. Saraswati Swami Satyananda : Asana Pranayama Mudra Bandha, Yoga Publicatons Trust , Munger, Bihar , India, Year 2009 (reprinted)